开放英语3第一次作业答案

词汇 （每题2分，共20分）

阅读下面的句子，从A、B、C三个选项中勾选一个能填入空白处的最佳选项。

题目1



The girl is keen \_\_ music.

选择一项：

A. for

B. on

C. to

正确答案是：on

题目2



They \_\_ the football match because it rained today.

选择一项：

A. stop

B. cancelled

C. gave up

正确答案是：cancelled

题目3



Would you like \_\_ more drinks?

选择一项：

A. a little

B. a slight

C. a bit of

正确答案是：a little

题目4



I think music can \_\_ your pain.

选择一项：

A. reduce

B. decrease

C. lessen

正确答案是：lessen

题目7



The teacher \_\_ for breaking the window.

选择一项：

A. told off him

B. told him out

C. told him off

正确答案是：told him off

题目8



We are trying to \_\_ funds for the poor people.

选择一项：

A. raise

B. collect

C. pay

正确答案是：raise

题目9



Are you aware \_\_ what you have said?

选择一项：

A. for

B. of

C. about

正确答案是：of

题目10



What you said \_\_ the mater.

选择一项：

A. is not related for

B. is not relevant for

C. is not relevant to

正确答案是：is not relevant to



语法和结构 （每题2分，共20分）

阅读下面的句子，从A、B、C三个选项中勾选一个能填入空白处的最佳选项。

题目11



I can do that job \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ myself.

选择一项：

A. by

B. on

C. with

反馈

正确答案是：by

题目12



I have \_\_\_\_\_ finished the report.

选择一项：

A. yet

B. already

C. still

反馈

正确答案是：already

题目13



I am leaving for New York \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ three days time.

选择一项：

A. x

B. at

C. in

反馈

正确答案是：in

题目14



I’m in Greece at the moment. I like the weather \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

选择一项：

A. here

B. there

C. that

反馈

正确答案是：here

题目15



The English teacher isn’t here. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the office.

选择一项：

A. has been

B. has gone

C. went

反馈

正确答案是：has gone

题目16



Her parents died when she was very young, so she was \_\_\_\_\_\_by her aunt.

选择一项：

A. brought up

B. brought out

C. grown up

反馈

正确答案是：brought up

题目17



---What’s happened to Tom?

选择一项：

A. He’s been taken

B. He’ll be taken

C. He’ll take

反馈

正确答案是：He’s been taken

题目18



She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ talking when I am watching TV.

选择一项：

A. always

B. keeps

C. forever

反馈

正确答案是：keeps

题目19



My father\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ take me to work with him when I was a child.

选择一项：

A. did

B. used

C. would

反馈

正确答案是：would

题目20



\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_fine weather it is!

选择一项：

A. What

B. What a

C. How

D. How a

反馈

正确答案是：What



完形填空 （每题2分， 共20分）阅读下面的短文，从短文后所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳答案，并将选项字母填入相应空白处。

题目21



　　Peter Blake is a successful businessman, but he (1)回答

正确答案是：C  
to be very poor. He had nowhere to live and (2) 回答

正确答案是：B  
working in a pub when he (3) 回答

正确答案是：B  
to start his own business. Peter had always (4) 回答

正确答案是：B  
interested in plants and flowers, (5) 回答

正确答案是：A  
he decided to set up a company (6) 回答

正确答案是：B  
cared for the plants in big offices. At first he worked on his (7) 回答

正确答案是：A  
, but soon he took (8) 回答

正确答案是：C  
two people to help him. The company has been growing (9) 回答

正确答案是：A  
for the last ten years. Peter is now very rich, (10) 回答

正确答案是：C  
he complains that now he doesn’t work with plants but with a computer every day!

　　1) A. would 　　B. use 　 C. used

　　2) A. did B. was 　　 C. has been

　　3) A. had decided　 B. decided 　　 C. was deciding

　　4) A. was B. been 　　 C. being

　　5) A. so　　　　　 B. but 　　 C. although

　　6) A. who　　　　 B. which 　　 C. whose

　　7) A. own　　　　　 B. self 　　 C. himself

　　8) A. up　　　　　 B. over 　　 C. on

　　9) A.--　　　　　　 B. up 　　 C. over

　　10) A. therefore　　　B. moreover C. but

反馈

答案: 1. C 2. B 3. B 4. B 5. A 6. B 7. A 8. C 9. A 10. C



阅读理解（每题2分， 共20分）阅读下列短文并完成后面的阅读练习。从每题的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个正确答案，并并将选项字母填入相应空白处。

题目22



The Extended Family

　　Mrs Sharp, a large, red-faced woman in her late sixties, has lived in Greenleas, a 'new town' in the countryside outside London, since 1958. Before that she lived in Bethnal Green, an area of inner London. She was moved to Greenleas by the local authorities when her old house was demolished.   
　　She came from a large family with six girls and two boys, and she grew up among brothers, sisters, uncles, aunts, grandparents and cousins. When she married her boyfriend from school at eighteen, they went on living with her parents, and her first child was brought up more by her mother than by herself, because she always worked.  
　　As the family grew, they moved out of their parents' house to a flat. It was in the next street, and their life was still that of the extended family. "All my family used to live around Denby Street," said Mrs Sharp, "and we were always in and out of each other's houses." When she went to the shops, she used to call in on her mother to see if she wanted anything. Every day she would visit one sister or another and see a nephew or niece at the corner shop or in the market.   
　　"You always knew 90% of the people you saw in the street everyday, either they were related to you or you were at school with them," she said.   
　　When her babies were born (she had two sons and a daughter), she said, "All my sisters and neighbours would help – they used to come and make a cup of tea, or help in some other way." And every Saturday night there was a family party. It was at Mrs Sharp's mother's house. "Of course we all know each other very well. You have to learn to get on with each other. I had one neighbour who was always poking her nose into our business. She was forever asking questions and gossiping. But you had to put up with everyone, whatever they were like."

　　1．Why did Mrs. Sharp have to move to Greenleas?  
　　A．Because she had to work there.  
　　B．Because she didn’t like the old place at all.   
　　C．Because her house in the downtown area was knocked down.

　　2．When she got married, she lived \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

　　A．together with her parents all the time  
　　B．together with her parents for some time  
　　C．far away from her parents’ house

　　3．Why did she know so many people?  
　　A．Because she was easy going.  
　　B．Because they were either her relatives or schoolmates.  
　　C．Because she was good at making friends with people.

　　4．The sentence “I had one neighbour who was always poking her nose into our business.” in the last Para. means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

　　A．I had one neighbour who was always warm-hearted.  
　　B．I had one neighbour who was always ready to help us.  
　　C．I had one neighbour who always showed her interests in our private affairs.

　　5．What does this passage mainly deal with?

　　A．What the extended family is like.  
　　B．The relationship between Mrs Sharp and her neighbour.  
　　C．How Mrs Sharp brings her children up.

　　提示：请将正确答案的序号（大写字母ABC）填写在空白处，系统自动判分  
　　您的答案是：1.回答

正确答案是：C

2、正确答案是：B  
3.回答

正确答案是：B

4.回答

正确答案是：C

5.回答

正确答案是：A

题目23



　　There have been changes in all sorts of different areas of British society. In recent years in the UK we have had a very large increase in the number of couples who get divorced.   
　　After 1969 and the Divorce Law Reform Act we had a very rapid increase in the number of divorces. The rate increased steadily and in recent years has increased much more rapidly. But there are also quite a lot of people who do actually get married. At present the marriage rate in the UK is about 70 per cent, which has gone down since the number of people who marry has gone down quite a lot in the last 20 years, but more significantly in the last 10 years. Quite high proportions of people now live together without marrying, and, for example, 40 per cent of children born in the UK are born to couples who aren't married or are born to lone parents. There are quite a large number of lone parent families, 90 per cent of these are headed by a woman rather than a man.   
　　The average family size now in the UK is 1.8 children per couple, which means that there's been quite a decline in the birth rate in the UK along with other European countries.

　　1．What does the passage mainly discuss?  
　　A．The declining divorce rate in the UK.  
　　B．Trends in marriage and divorce in the UK.  
　　C．The increasing divorce rate in the UK.

　　2．During the last ten years, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

　　A．the marriage rate has gone down more rapidly in the UK  
　　B．the marriage rate has gone up a lot in the UK  
　　C．40% of children were born to unwed couples in the UK

　　3．According to the passage, the cohabitation rate in the UK tends to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
　　A．decline  
　　B．soar (急剧上升)  
　　C．stay stable

　　4．According to the passage, which of the following statements is NOT true?

　　A．The highest divorce rate was around 1969.  
　　B．The marriage rate has gone down in recent years.  
　　C．The marriage rate is currently 70 percent.

　　5．The last Para. tells us \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

　　A．the birth rate in the UK is decreasing rapidly now  
　　B．at present any family in the UK is 2 children at most  
　　C．the birth rate in other European countries keeps increasing

　　提示：请将正确答案的序号（大写字母ABC）填写在空白处，系统自动判分  
　　您的答案是：1.回答

正确答案是：C  
2.回答

正确答案是：A  
3.回答

正确答案是：B  
4.回答

正确答案是：A  
5.回答

正确答案是：A  


Directions: For this part, you are allowed thirty minutes to write a passage. You should write at least 80 words and could base your writing by using the hints given below.利用所给提示，完成一篇不少于80字的短文写作。

题目24



利用所给提示写一篇短文，描述你的家庭和它对你的影响。

提示：

used to be a senior engineer

would work in a factory

is very serious about everything

pay attention to the details

take after

have influence upon

looks like

作文题目：My Family

开放英语3第二次作业答案

词汇 （每题2分，共20分）

阅读下面的句子，从A、B、C三个选项中勾选一个能填入空白处的最佳选项。

题目1



We were deeply \_\_ at what he said.

选择一项：

A. disappointed

B. disheartened

C. upset

反馈

正确答案是：disappointed

题目2



The doctor asked him to \_\_.

选择一项：

A. go on diet

B. go a diet

C. go on a diet

反馈

正确答案是：go on a diet

题目3



He was \_\_ of what he said.

选择一项：

A. afraid

B. frightened

C. appalled

反馈

正确答案是：afraid

题目4



I am afraid that I can not \_\_ with you.

选择一项：

A. approve

B. agree

C. endorse

反馈

正确答案是：agree

题目5



You can see the ball \_\_ when the temperature is high.

选择一项：

A. expand

B. extend

C. stretch

反馈

正确答案是：expand

题目6



I have to \_\_ all the mess in this room.

选择一项：

A. tidy up

B. clear up

C. clean up

反馈

正确答案是：clear up

题目7



Asia is the biggest \_\_ on earth.

选择一项：

A. place

B. land

C. continent

反馈

正确答案是：continent

题目8

题干



It is said the police were \_\_the matter?

选择一项：

A. searching into

B. looking into

C. seeking into

反馈

正确答案是：looking into

题目9



She is \_\_ school’s development committee.

选择一项：

A. on

B. in

C. at

反馈

正确答案是：on

题目10



What he did \_\_ the company’s policy.

选择一项：

A. flied a face of

B. flied in face of

C. flied in the face of

反馈

正确答案是：flied in the face of



语法和结构 （每题2分，共20分）

阅读下面的句子，从A、B、C三个选项中勾选一个能填入空白处的最佳选项。

题目11



They \_\_\_\_\_\_ the train until it disappeared in the distance.

选择一项：

A. saw

B. watched

C. observed

反馈

正确答案是：watched

题目12



We must make a difference between \_\_\_\_\_ language and \_\_\_\_\_language.

选择一项：

A. spoken, written

B. speaking, written

C. speak, write

反馈

正确答案是：spoken, written

题目13



\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ majority of people agree with him.

选择一项：

A. The

B. A

C. -

反馈

正确答案是：The

题目14



Of all the stories here, I like this one \_\_\_\_\_. It’s not interesting at all.

选择一项：

A. most

B. best

C. least

反馈

正确答案是：least

题目15



If he was fitter, he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ live longer.

选择一项：

A. -

B. will

C. would

反馈

正确答案是：would

题目16



She likes to spend time \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with her grandchildren.

选择一项：

A. play

B. to play

C. playing

反馈

正确答案是：playing

题目17



That place is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the south of the city.

选择一项：

A. at

B. in

C. on

反馈

正确答案是：in

题目18



The bedroom needs \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

选择一项：

A. decorating

B. to decorate

C. decorate

反馈

正确答案是：decorating

题目19



You must explain \_\_\_\_\_\_how they succeeded \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the experiment.

选择一项：

A. for us, to

B. at us, at

C. to us, in

反馈

正确答案是：to us, in

题目20



Jenny \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on her homework after supper.

选择一项：

A. did

B. has been doing

C. has done

反馈

正确答案是：has been doing



完形填空 （每题2分， 共20分）

阅读下面的短文，从短文后所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳答案，并将选项字母填入相应空白处。

题目21



　　A study has shown that fitness is the key (1) 回答

正确答案是：B  
long life, irrespective of body shape (2) 回答

正确答案是：B

even smoking habits. Researchers discovered that people who exercise live longer than (3) 回答

正确答案是：C  
, even if they are overweight and smoke.  
　　The study found that (4) 回答

正确答案是：A

fit of the 6,000 middle-aged men in the study were five times more likely to die within six years of the start of the research than the fittest. This was true (5) 回答

正确答案是：B

the men had heart problems, smoked or were overweight. Scientists concluded that it was better (6) 回答

正确答案是：A

and active than skinny and sedentary. Dr Ken cooper, a fitness expert, said, “ You are better off smoking a packet of cigarettes a day and exercising regularly than (7) 回答

正确答案是：B

a non –smoker and sedentary.” Although he adds, “But don’t misunderstand me. I am not endorsing (8) 回答

正确答案是：C

, I am trying to tell you how dangerous it is to be sedentary.”  
　　The British Government is putting pressure (9) 回答

正确答案是：A

manufacturers to reduce high levels of sugar in food and to restrict the hard-sell of junk food to children in order to improve the nation’s health. But the new study suggests the Government should encourage more people (10) 回答

正确答案是：C.

　　1. A. for B. of C. to

　　2. A. or B. and C. but

　　3. A. those who does not B. these who do not C. those who do not

　　4. A. the little B. the least C. least

　　5. A. if or not B. whether or not C. when

　　6. A. being fat B. to be fat C. to do

　　7. A. being B. be C. to be

　　8. A. smoked B. to smoke C. smoking

　　9. A. on 　　 B. for C. to

　　10. A. exercise B. exercising C. to exercise



阅读理解（每题2分， 共20分）

阅读下列短文并完成后面的阅读练习。从每题的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个正确答案，并将选项字母填入相应空白处。

题目22



PAT the Dog

　　Did you know there are some very special dogs doing good work in our hospital wards? These are PAT (Pets As Therapy) dogs. Doctors and nurses are recognising the benefits of pets more and more — particularly for children, people with mental illnesses and elderly people who are separated from their own pets or have had to give up their pets.   
　　Stroking and playing with a pet is a calming experience and something to look forward to. One hospital reported that a man with a mental illness, who hadn't spoken for years, first stroked and played with a visiting dog and then started talking to it.   
　　Today, around 4,500 dogs and 50 cats and their volunteer owners are at work in the UK bringing comfort and pleasure to over 100,000 people in hospital.  
　　There are many other ‘working dogs’. There are guard dogs, police dogs, hunting dogs and dogs for the blind. Disabled people benefit greatly. Take the case of Alan Smythe, who has to visit hospital every month. Some things are difficult for him because he is in a wheelchair. But his life has altered dramatically since he got a dog, Tess, from the charity 'Dogs for the Disabled'. ‘She helps me to get dressed, and she brings me my socks and shoes. She fetches the newspaper from the shop, and she passes me the phone when it rings. I feel so much better too. It's like having a really good friend. She comes with me to hospital. Once, she saved my life. I am a diabetic and one day my blood sugar level dropped, and when I was going into a coma she went next door and she alerted my neighbour. He gave me an insulin injection.

　　1．Which of the following statement is TRUE according to the passage?  
　　A．All the dogs are allowed into the hospitals to visit the patients.  
　　B．Only some special dogs can help the patients feel better.  
　　C．Doctors and nurses doubt if pets can bring comfort to the patients.

　　2．Pets are particularly beneficial to the following EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

　　A．children  
　　B．people with mental illness  
　　C．the elderly people who live alone

　　3．The first sentence of Para. 2 suggests \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
　　A．pets can make people become quiet and attentive  
　　B．people feel uncomfortable when they touch and play with a pet  
　　C．people feel relaxed and hopeful when they touch and play with a pet

　　4．The dog helps Alan do the following EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

　　A．She helps her get dressed  
　　B．She picks up the phone for her  
　　C．She gets the newspaper for her

　　5．The sentence “when I was going to a comma …” means that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

　　A．when I got hungry…  
　　B．when I fell down on the floor…  
　　C．when I became unconscious…

　　提示：请将正确答案的序号（大写字母ABC）填写在空白处，系统自动判分  
　　您的答案是：1.回答

正确答案是：B

2.回答

正确答案是：C

3.回答

正确答案是：C

4.回答

正确答案是：B

5.回答

正确答案是：C

题目23



　　We have two cats at home. One is named Milo and the other Mamma. Milo is a boy cat. Boy cats are called ‘Toms’. We think that Mamma is Milo’s mother. That is why we gave her the name Mamma. We didn’t buy Milo or Mamma. They were stray cats and didn’t have anywhere to live. They started coming into our garden. They did not look very healthy, so we started giving them milk. Then they started coming into the house, so we adopted them. Because he didn’t have a home when he was a kitten, Milo is not very fit. We have to take him to the vet once every three months for a special injection. They have lived with us now for 5 years.

　　1．Sarah got the cats \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
　　A．before she moved into her house  
　　B．after she moved into the house  
　　C．when she moved into the house

　　2．Sarah thinks \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

　　A．Milo is a boy  
　　B．both cats are boys  
　　C．both cats are girls

　　3．Mamma was named ‘Mamma’ because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
　　A．Sarah likes the name  
　　B．she is a girl  
　　C．they think she is Milo’s mother

　　4．Milo and Mamma were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

　　A．free to get  
　　B．cheap to get  
　　C．expensive to get

　　5．Milo is not very fit because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

　　A．he visits the vet for an injection  
　　B．he was a stray  
　　C．he is old now

　　提示：请将正确答案的序号（大写字母ABC）填写在空白处，系统自动判分  
　　您的答案是：1.回答

正确答案是：B

2.回答

未回答  
正确答案是：A  
3.回答

正确答案是：C  
4.回答

正确答案是：A  
5.回答

正确答案是：B



Directions: For this part, you are allowed thirty minutes to write a passage. You should write at least 80 words and could base your writing by using the hints given below.利用所给提示，完成一篇不少于80字的短文写作。

题目24



利用所给提示写一篇短文，说明如何保持身体健康。

提示：

it is necessary to keep a balanced diet

had better

it is important to do regular exercises

it is essential to keep high mood

renew our spirits and release our stress.

be bound to keep healthy

作文题目：How to Keep Healthy

开放英语3第三次作业答案

词汇 （每题2分，共20分）

阅读下面的句子，从A、B、C三个选项中勾选一个能填入空白处的最佳选项。

题目1



Don’t be sorry for that. We all \_\_\_ mistakes.

选择一项：

A. make

B. have

C. do

反馈

正确答案是：make

题目2



The book had a great impact \_\_\_ its readers.

选择一项：

A. of

B. for

C. on

反馈

正确答案是：on

题目3



18. First you should switch the machine \_\_\_ before you stop your work.

选择一项：

a. on

b. off

c. up

反馈

正确答案是：off

正确答案是：off

题目4



2. Many are finding it difficult to make \_\_\_ meet, especially whose with young children.

选择一项：

a. end

b. an end

c. ends

反馈

正确答案是：ends

正确答案是：ends

题目5



If you drive your car in that way, you’ll end \_\_ in hospital.

选择一项：

A. up

B. in

C. off

反馈

正确答案是：up

题目6



Oh, time is up and we must go \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

选择一项：

A. straight off

B. straight away

C. straight up

反馈

正确答案是：straight away

题目7



He is doing some research on the \_\_\_\_ system of animals.

选择一项：

A. auditory

B. sound

C. listening

反馈

正确答案是：auditory

题目8



These old housed are to be knocked\_\_\_\_\_.

选择一项：

A. off

B. down

C. out

反馈

正确答案是：off

题目9



I am not guilty \_\_\_\_ this crime.

选择一项：

A. with

B. of

C. for

反馈

正确答案是：of

题目10



She is a girl \_\_\_\_ at knitting.

选择一项：

A. skill

B. skilled

C. skills

反馈

正确答案是：skilled



语法和结构 （每题2分，共20分）

阅读下面的句子，从A、B、C三个选项中勾选一个能填入空白处的最佳选项。

题目11



I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her to marry me and she agreed.

选择一项：

A. ask

B. asked

C. told

反馈

正确答案是：asked

题目12



Let me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the case carefully before I draw a conclusion.

选择一项：

A. look up

B. look into

C. look after

反馈

正确答案是：look into

题目13



I have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_finished the report.

选择一项：

A. yet

B. already

C. still

反馈

正确答案是：already

题目14



I prefer tea \_\_\_\_\_\_\_coffee.

选择一项：

A. to

B. from

C. by

反馈

正确答案是：to

题目15



She was convicted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ murder.

选择一项：

A. to

B. in

C. of

反馈

正确答案是：of

题目16



All the team members tried their best. We lost the game, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

选择一项：

A. however

B. therefore

C. since

反馈

正确答案是：however

题目17



By the end of this year, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_enough money for a holiday.

选择一项：

A. will save

B. will be saving

C. will have saved

反馈

正确答案是：will have saved

题目18



1. I prefer classic music \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ pop music.

选择一项：

a. than

b. on

c. to

反馈

正确答案是：to

题目19



Before I got to the cinema, the film \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

选择一项：

A. had begun

B. has begun

C. was beginning

反馈

正确答案是：had begun

题目20



When I was a child, we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_wear a uniform for school.

选择一项：

A. have to

B. must

C. had to

反馈

正确答案是：had to



完形填空 （每题2分， 共20分）

题目21



　　In the UK, in business situations, when you meet someone (1) 回答

正确答案是：B

the first time you shake hands and say, “How do you do?”. This is not really a question, and the reply (2) 回答

正确答案是：C  
it is another greeting such as “How do you do?” or “Hello” or “I’m very (3) 回答

正确答案是：B

to meet you” or, if you have met the person sometime before, “It’s good to see you again”.   
　　You don’t (4) 回答

正确答案是：A  
hands every time you meet someone, you just greet them. If you are invited (5) 回答

正确答案是：B  
someone’s house for dinner, it is usual to take a present – some chocolates (6) 回答

正确答案是：A

flowers or, if you know them quite well, a bottle of wine. If you do not know the host well, don’t be the last person to leave. Telephone (7) 回答

正确答案是：B

next day to thank the host for the meal. English people don’t like to talk about personal things, and tend to (8) 回答

正确答案是：C

religion, politics and money.  
　　Good topics for small talk are the weather, holidays, weekend activities, gardens and architecture, (9) 回答

正确答案是：A  
houses and homes. When you go to a pub or bar, it’s usual to take (10) 回答

正确答案是：C  
to buy a drink for everyone in your group and pay for the drinks when you get them from the bar and before you drink them.

　　1． A. at B. for C. since

　　2． A. with B. after C. to

　　3． A. pleasing B. pleased C. pleasant

　　4． A. shake B. touch C. feel

　　5． A. at B. to C. with

　　6． A. or B. - C. and

　　7． A. - B. the C. within

　　8． A. talk about B. like C. avoid

　　9． A. especially B. special C. specially

　　10．A. chance B. opportunity C. turns



阅读理解（每题2分， 共20分）

阅读下列短文并完成后面的阅读练习。从每题的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个正确答案，并将选项字母填入相应空白处。

题目22



　　In the UK, in business situations, when you meet someone for the first time you shake hands and say, “How do you do?”. This is not really a question, and the reply to it is another greeting such as “How do you do?” or “Hello” or “I’m very pleased to meet you” or, if you have met the person sometime before, “It’s good to see you again”.   
　　You don’t shake hands every time you meet someone, you just greet them. If you are invited to someone’s house for dinner, it is usual to take a present– some chocolates or flowers or, if you know them quite well, a bottle of wine. If you do not know the host well, don’t be the last person to leave. Telephone the next day to thank the host for the meal. English people don’t like to talk about personal things, and tend to avoid religion, politics and money.  
　　Good topics for small talk are the weather, holidays, weekend activities, gardens and architecture, especially houses and homes. When you go to a pub or bar, it’s usual to take turns to buy a drink for everyone in your group and pay for the drinks when you get them from the bar and before you drink them.

　　1．The first paragraph tells us \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.   
　　A．when you meet someone for the first time, you should shake hands and say, “How do you do?”  
　　B．what you usually do and say, when you meet an old friend  
　　C．how to greet someone in business situations

　　2．If you are invited to someone’s house for dinner, it’s better to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

　　A．take a gift such as chocolates, or flowers if you know them quite well  
　　B．take a bottle of perfume for the hostess if you know her quite well  
　　C．bid a farewell before the last guest leaves if you don’t know them quite well

　　3．English people like to talk about the following EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
　　A．income and marriage  
　　B．weekend activities  
　　C．weather, holidays,

　　4．In the last paragraph. the sentence “…, it’s usual to take turns to buy a drink for everyone in your group…” means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

　　A．it’s usual to be responsible for the bill all the time  
　　B．it’s usual to pay for a drink one after the other in a group  
　　C．it’s usual to go Dutch

　　5．The subject matter of the passage is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

　　A．British social customs  
　　B．British way of greeting people  
　　C．some taboos in Britain

　　提示：请将正确答案的序号（大写字母ABC）填写在空白处，系统自动判分  
　　您的答案是：1.回答

正确答案是：C

2.回答

正确答案是：C

3.回答

正确答案是：A

4.回答

正确答案是：B

5.回答

正确答案是：A

题目23



　　The chances that you will be a victim of violent crime are low. But you can avoid risk in the following ways.  
　　AT HOME  
　　• You should make sure your house or flat is secure. Always lock the door from the inside at night, but you must keep the key nearby, so that you can use it to get out quickly if there is a fire.  
　　• You must never give keys to workmen as they can easily make copies.  
　　• If you wake up and hear a burglar, stay quietly in bed. Pretend you are asleep. If you feel more confident, switch on the light and make a lot of noise; even if you are on your own you should call out loudly to an imaginary companion, so that the burglar thinks you are not alone and runs away. You should have a phone or a mobile in your bedroom to alert the police immediately.  
　　• If you come home and think you see signs of a break-in, you shouldn’t go in, the burglar may be inside. You should go to a neighbour and call the police.  
　　ON THE STREET  
　　At night:  
　　• Always walk facing the traffic, so that a car cannot pull up behind you.  
　　• You mustn’t go through parks or woods.  
　　• If you think someone is following you, cross the road one or two times. If he or she continues to follow you, go to a pub or other public place.   
　　• Always carry your bag close to you, but carry your house keys in your pocket so that you can open the door quickly. If someone attacks you - remember your safety is more important than your property.

　　1．This passage mainly focuses on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
　　A．how to avoid the crimes both at home and in the street  
　　B．what you should do at home if there is a burglary  
　　C．how to avoid the crime at night in the street

　　2．If you want to guarantee you are secure at home, you should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

　　A．always lock the door and put the key in a secret place far away from the door  
　　B．never leave the keys to workmen since they can easily make copies  
　　C．keep silent all the time even if you are on your own when a burglar steals into your house

　　3．Based on the passage, if you notice someone following you, it’s better for you to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
　　A．shout loudly  
　　B．go to public places  
　　C．run quickly

　　4．Why should you have a telephone in the bedroom?

　　A．Because we might use it to alert the burglary.  
　　B．Because it’s convenient for us to talk to our friends while lying on bed.   
　　C．Because it’s convenient for us to report to the police in case there is a burglary.

　　5．From the passage, we can infer that we might be victims if \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

　　A．we cannot part with the money when being attacked  
　　B．we don’t walk in the empty street  
　　C．we carry too much cash

　　提示：请将正确答案的序号（大写字母ABC）填写在空白处，系统自动判分  
　　您的答案是：1.回答

正确答案是：A

2.回答

正确答案是：B  
3.回答

正确答案是：B

4.回答

正确答案是：C

5.回答

正确答案是：A  


书面表达（20分）Directions: For this part, you are allowed thirty minutes to write a passage.. You should write at least 80 words and could base your writing by using the hints given below.利用所给提示，完成一篇不少于80字的短文写作。

题目24



利用所给提示写一篇短文，说明高中生活和大学生活的不同。

提示：

is quite different from

have to, must

ask students to do many tasks

be responsible for

for example

put on

spend more time studying by themselves

作文题目：High School Life and College Life